PSAP and Gaucher Disease

By Mitchell Coplan



What is Gaucher Disease?

Severe









http://www.vpriv.com/about-vpriv/what-is-type-1-gaucher-disease.php http://www.gauchercare.com/en/healthcare.aspx http://www.vpriv.com/about-gaucher-disease/

What causes these phenotypes?



Lysosomal storage disease Cells can't break down glucocerebrosides

http://wiki.pingry.org/u/ap-biology/index.php/Lysosomes http://lipidlibrary.aocs.org/Lipids/whatlip/index.htm



Mutations occur in disulfide bridges

How well conserved is PSAP?



The proteins domains are conserved

Where and how does PSAP function?





Tamargo TJ, et al. (2012). The role of saposin C in Gaucher disease Mol Gent Metab, 106(3), 257-63.

PSAP and GBA are binding partners



Intracellular protein degration

PSAP and GBA break down glucocerebrosides



GBA (GCase) and **PSAP** (SAPC)

Gap: What factors are responsible differences between the mild and severe phenotypes?

Severe



Mild



Hypothesis: Variations in *PSAP* activity and expression contribute to the differences between the mild and severe phenotype





Aim 1: Genome sequencing to find variable genomic regions













Hypothetical results: Identification of genomic region that may regulate PSAP expression



https://neuroendoimmune.wordpress.com/2014/03/27/dna-rna-snp-alphabet-soup-or-an-introduction-to-genetics/

Aim 2: Identify the phosphorylated amino acids of PSAP in mild and severe patients



https://www.acellera.com/phosphorylation-regulation-idp-kinetics-molecular-dynamics/ http://www.everymantri.com/everyman_triathlon/2011/03/exercise-can-slow-and-even-prevent-aging-a-new-study-confirms.html

Hypothetical results: PSAP in missing a serine phosphorylation



Aim 3: Compare tissue specific levels of PSAP and GBA expression in GD patients

Severe

Mild



Hypothetical results: Higher expression in mild phenotype



Payoff & Future?

PSAP is a factor in disease symptoms



http://www.vpriv.com/starting-treatment/intro-to-ert.php http://pixgood.com/healthy-man-clipart.html

Questions?

